



FIRST TERM EXAMINATION 2025/2026 ACADEMIC SESSION

NAME				
SUBJECT	LITERATURE	CLASS	JSS 3	DURATION
				1 HOUR 30 minutes

Instructions: Choose the correct option

(a, b, c, or d) for each question.

1. Fiction refers to:

- a. True events only
- b. Imaginative or invented stories
- c. Textbooks
- d. Biographies

2. Non-fiction is based on:

- a. Imagination
- b. Facts and real events
- c. Poems
- d. Drama

3. Which of these is an example of fiction?

- a. A novel about a magical world
- b. A biography of a president
- c. A news article
- d. An encyclopedia

4. Which of these is an example of non-fiction?

- a. Short story
- b. Diary of a famous person
- c. Fairy tale
- d. Science fiction novel

5. Poetry often expresses:

- a. Facts only
- b. Emotions and ideas
- c. Cooking instructions
- d. Road directions

6. The theme of a poem is:

- a. Its rhyme scheme
- b. Its main idea or message
- c. The number of lines
- d. The author's name

7. The structure of a poem refers to:

- a. Its layout, stanza, and line arrangement
- b. Its title only
- c. The font used
- d. The author's life

8. A stanza in poetry is:

- a. A single word
- b. A paragraph in a poem
- c. The title of a poem
- d. The author's name

9. A rhyme scheme is:

- a. The main theme of a poem
- b. The pattern of rhyming words at the end of lines
- c. The number of paragraphs in a story
- d. A type of novel

10. In a poem with rhyme scheme ABAB, the pattern means:

- a. First and second lines rhyme
- b. First and third lines rhyme, second and fourth lines rhyme
- c. All lines rhyme
- d. No lines rhyme

11. Fictional stories may include:

- a. Myths, novels, and plays
- b. Encyclopedias
- c. Textbooks
- d. Diaries

12. Non-fiction can include:

- a. Essays, biographies, and letters
- b. Fairy tales
- c. Science fiction novels
- d. Poems with made-up characters

13. Which of these is NOT fiction?

- a. Adventure story
- b. Real-life biography
- c. Fantasy novel
- d. Short story

14. A poem's theme can often be about:

- a. Love, courage, or friendship
- b. Grammar rules
- c. Road signs
- d. Numbers

15. The rhyme in poetry:

- a. Makes the poem musical
- b. Confuses readers
- c. Is always missing
- d. Is only in fiction

16. Prose differs from poetry because it:

- a. Is written in lines and stanzas
- b. Is written in paragraphs
- c. Always rhymes
- d. Cannot tell stories

17. Which of the following is fiction?

- a. A science textbook
- b. A novel about a wizard
- c. A historical account
- d. A biography

18. Themes in poetry help readers to:

- a. Understand the poem's message
- b. Count the lines
- c. Identify the font
- d. Memorize facts

19. Which is an example of non-fiction?

- a. An imaginative short story
- b. A newspaper article
- c. A fantasy tale
- d. A play about magic

20. In poetry, a rhyme scheme of AABB means:

- a. Every line rhymes with every other line
- b. The first two lines rhyme, the next two lines rhyme
- c. No lines rhyme
- d. Only the first line rhymes

21. Fiction stories can teach:

- a. Lessons through imaginary events
- b. Only facts
- c. Mathematical formulas
- d. Recipes

22. Non-fiction is useful because it:

- a. Provides real information
- b. Only entertains
- c. Uses magic
- d. Tells lies

23. A narrative poem:

- a. Tells a story
- b. Lists facts
- c. Is always non-fiction
- d. Has no rhyme

24. Poetry structure includes:

a. Paragraphs and chapters
 b. Lines, stanzas, and titles
 c. Tables and graphs
 d. None of the above

25. Which of these is a feature of fiction?
 a. Imaginary characters
 b. Real events only
 c. Newspaper reports
 d. Instruction manuals

26. Which of these is a feature of non-fiction?
 a. True events and factual information
 b. Talking animals
 c. Magic spells
 d. Fantasy worlds

27. The purpose of rhyme in a poem is to:
 a. Create musical effect
 b. Give instructions

c. Tell history only
 d. Make the poem longer

28. Poetry can be written in:
 a. Lines and stanzas
 b. Graphs and tables
 c. Paragraphs only
 d. Letters

29. Fictional novels are mainly written to:
 a. Inform only
 b. Entertain and teach lessons
 c. Provide maps
 d. Show recipes

30. Non-fiction texts aim to:
 a. Inform, explain, or persuade
 b. Only rhyme
 c. Use imaginary worlds
 d. Tell fictional stories

THEORY

Instructions: Answer all questions in this section.

1. Define the following literary terms;
 a. Metaphor b. Euphemism c. Dialogue d. Alliteration e. Theme. **10 marks**

2. The secret of the Purple Lake by Yaba Badoe

Fill in the gaps with the appropriate answers,

Chapter one: The Fisherman's Daughter

a. Three ----- flew over the coconut grove at daybreak.
 b. Ajuba followed her father instead of helping with -----

Chapter two; The Fish-man of the Purple Lake

c. Before leaving home, Musa's father gave him a red ----- with magic properties.
 d.. Musa's great-uncle taught him the art of ----- and how to sing refrains.
 e. The magic elephant in the savannah was named -----, and it loved wild honey.
 f. Alone on the grasslands, Musa imagined himself as a great ----- and hunter.

Chapter five: Romilly the Golden Eagle

- g. The King said that the third daughter would be called ____.
- h. The King banished Romilly to the ----- tower of the castle.
- i. Just before she hit the rocks, Romilly transformed into a huge golden ____
- j. Romilly's second daughter was wrapped in a ____ wrap. **20 marks.**